NUMAZU
Mt. Fuji, Suruga Bay, Beautiful Nature and Delicious Food.

Numazu Tourist Guide Book
Blessed with sea and mountains, beautiful scenery and a lively atmosphere.

Mt. Fuji overlooking Suruga Bay / The Kano River flows through the city.
Numazu is centrally-located in Eastern Shizuoka and is a scenic spot with a mild climate. It's rich in nature that changes with each season. It's a city with many warm-hearted people, and it's a place where you can feel at peace amongst a friendly atmosphere.
A superb View of Numazu

Suruga Bay, Mt. Fuji, K amendment... A magnificent and memorable view that is only seen in Numazu.
An evening Landscape
in Numazu

A vast sunset over Suruga Bay. Commanding view of Mt. Fuji and the sun setting in the west will impress and you for tomorrow.
Ume Blossoms

There are the great ume trees of Daichu-ji Temple. The event, Umen no Kai (ume-blossom viewing) is held in February. In Numazu Imperial Villa, 90 ume trees were planted in commemoration of the marriage of the crown prince. The event, Kenoba-Oshiki (tea ceremony and ume-blossom viewing) is held in February. 3

Cherry Blossoms

Koryo, halfway up the mountain, is one of the famous cherry blossom spots on Mt. Karusk. Various kinds of cherry blossom trees can be seen there.

Many people enjoy walking under the cherry trees along the river.

Along Route 1 on the Numaga River, there are about 600 prunus yeodendron trees. Many people enjoy walking there. The cherry trees are called ‘Tsubaki’ in Japanese.

Japanese Tung Oil Tree

The trees are viewable along Prefectural Road 17. Their flowers are stunning against the greenery of the mountain.

Crimson

Crimsons are designated as the city flower. Myriads of crimson can be found growing naturally in this area. These white flowers delight all those who visit Cape Mihama.

Thunberg Lily

Thousands of flowers bloom here in the month of June. The cape is colored with beautiful orange flowers, which only bloom for 2 weeks.

Lotus

About 300 lotus flowers bloom at Renkoji Temple during the months of June and July. As the flowers bloom early in the morning, the temple opens earlier during this time.

Izu Mito Sea Paradise

Open during the season of 10 A.M. to 5 P.M. (Last entry at 4 P.M.)

Regular Opening Day: Open in the event of holidays

Closed on the occasion of holidays

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Exhibits sea creatures from Suruga Bay, as well as a large pale of frogs.

Senbonhama Beach

The closest beach from the central city. Sit for the picturesque view and have some of the most beautiful scenery in Tokyo.

Togo Beach

Famous for its clear water and gentle waves. It is also known as a great scuba diving spot.

Mito Beach

A popular beach for families. The beautiful white sand beach is a rare sight on the western coast.

Let’s enjoy the beautiful sea!!
**Surrounding Areas**

**Clematis no Oka**
One of the largest outlet malls with various stores including fashion, sports, general goods and so on.

**Gotemba Kogen Tokinomusika**
This is the resort facility including hotels, hot springs, spas and restaurants. You can also enjoy local beer. The area is also famous for the brilliant illuminations and light shows at night.

**Grimp**
Located at the foot of Mt.Fuji. There is also a small ski resort. You can also play in the snow during winter.

**Rakunou Okoku Oratche**
This is a ranch where you can touch the animals and experience making buttercups. Many seasonal events are held here, and they are enjoyable for both children and adults.

**Kakitagawa Spring Water**
About 1 million ml of water is thrown into the air at Kakitagawa park water park and loved by the local people.

**Kannami Buddha Statues Museum**
These Buddha statues have long been kept by the local people in Kannami town. Some statues have been designated as items of important cultural property in Japan. The building was designed as a temple.

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**Scuba Diving/ Snorkeling**
Cape Ose and its Port area are famous for their clear waters and great diving spots. You can see many kinds of sea creatures in Suruga Bay. Enjoy watching beautiful fish taking photographs and playing in the sea. There are some diving schools that can help you to get a license. You can enjoy snorkeling as well.

**Hot springs**
Heda Ichii no Yu Onsen
A public bath that opened in Heda in 1986.

**Experience Making Heda Salt**
Heda salt is made with salt water just off the shores of Suruga Bay. You can experience making Heda salt, a specialty of the region. You will boil the water with firewood, scoop it up with a net, then of course have a taste! Reservation: TEL 055-94-1343 Close/Wednesday. Unavailable every day (13:30–15:30)

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**Training/ Athletics Facilities**
Youth House in Nature
It offers an opportunity for group living and outdoor activities in nature. TEL: 055-922-1746

**Mandarin Orange Picking**
You can enjoy Mandarin Orange Picking in Autumn on a farm. The fruit is delicious, full of sweetness. The brand Mandarin Orange, Jutaro Mikan, is very popular.

**Fishing**
Enjoy fishing at the fishing pond! There are many small ponds with a variety of fish to choose from. You can also enjoy fishing with a pole. Fishing permits and materials can be purchased at the Heda Fishing Port Association. TEL 080-2035-0000

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**Camp Site**
Citizen's Forest Camp
Located near Mt. Kintaro, this site is home to many people who enjoy camping and BBQing every summer. Reservations are required.

**Scuba Diving/ Snorkeling**
Heda Ichii no Yu Onsen
A public bath that opened in Heda in 1986.

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**Suruga no Yu Sakaguchiyama**
A day spa along the Gourmet Way near Shizuoka IC. The hot water is brought from Yumagawara, which is famous for its natural hot springs. You can relax here in a Japanese atmosphere.

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Recommended course to enjoy NUMAZU!

Drive Course in Numazu

2 Days Plan for first-time visitors to Numazu Family Friends Couples

Day 1

[Going to Heda] Get off Shinkansen Expressway at Numazu-Nagatoroi IC, get on Izu-Jukam Expressway. Turn right at Kishima-Tachikyoko IC (intersection), get on Route 136. Turn right at Daitakaya-Minami intersection and take Izu-Chidobu to Shuzenji Road. Get off at Shuzenji IC, Heda Pass. Follow Prefectural Road 18 till you reach Prefectural Road 17.

Driving in Heda
Tour of the Grand Site in Heda

Day 2

Izu Mito Sea Paradise

This is the first aquarium which kept baltic seal dolphins, whale sharks, walruses and sea otters in Japan. The sea animal performances are outstanding!

Izu Mito Sea Paradise
3-1-1 Urabandai Higashiyama, Numazu-shi, Shizuoka
Open 09:00 - 17:00 Last Entry 16:00

Izuyama Park

It’s show time! If you plan your schedule beforehand, you can see several shows!
There are many types of exhibitions to be seen, such as Fish from the Sea of Izu.

Numazu Deep See Aquarium

They’re so clever!

Stay in the central Numazu

2 Days Plan for first-time visitors to Numazu Family Friends Couples

Woke up at 5 o’clock in the morning. Rent a bicycle (Nunamia)

Wake up at 5 o’clock in the morning. Rent a bicycle (Nunamia)

Have breakfast at the restaurant around the port. Fresh seafood.

There are some restaurants where you can have breakfast. You can see the local workers coming for breakfast.

Biking from Numazu Port to the coast (Shionomisaki)

Check out the hotel. Going to Numazu Imperial Villa Memorial Park

Explore on Sebon Beach

Explore in Numazu Port

View-O, the largest class of the water gate. From the observatory, there are great views of Mt. Fuji, Hakone, Numazu Alps and Suruga Bay. The Deep Sea Aquarium exhibits rare creatures, and a frozen specimen of a coelacanth, and more.

Late Lunch at Numazu Port

You can find delicious meals other than seafood, such as Hawaiian food and hamburger steak.

There are several souvenir shops around Numazu Port. You can get many Numazu specialties.

Look for Numazu Specialties

Let’s start biking to Numazu Port! 9:30 am, arrival at the Port

Numazu Fish Market JNO Observing a Morning Auction

You can observe a morning auction from the 2nd floor of JNO. It is more lively in the morning in comparison to the daytime.

Numazu, Fish Market JNO
196-3 Tainomiya, Numazu-shi, Shizuoka
TEL 055-952-3700

If it’s show time! If you plan your schedule beforehand, you can see several shows!
There are many types of exhibitions to be seen, such as Fish from the Sea of Izu.

Izuyama Park

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Izuyama Park

you can have breakfast. You can see the local workers coming for breakfast.

Biking from Numazu Port to the coast (Shionomisaki)
History of Numazu

Knowing the Past to understand the present. Tasteful ancient time.

Numazu had been playing its role as the main post-town of Tokaido and a center of politics, economy, business and culture since the Edo era. In the Edo era, Numazu developed in agricultural production and people developed villages, started digging a moat called Naizenbori, and planting the pine tree along Senbon beach to improve their agricultural production. Also, Numazu developed as a fishery town, especially in the Shiizuka, Uchiura and Nishinura areas.

As the Tokaido Railway was opened to traffic between Shinbashi and Kobe in 1889, Numazu Station was built and Numazu became a central city around the east Suruga bay area. Numazu is also easy to access from Tokyo and it has attracted people as a leisure place with Mt. Fuji, Senbon beach, beautiful coasts and mild climate.

It has been designed as an important harbor and it takes an active part in the development of the inshore fishery these days. Numazu is the most significant market area in the eastern region of Shizuoka.

Place you can learn the history of Numazu.

- Meiji Historical Museum: It exhibits materials and the records of the modernization of Numazu, material relevant to Sōetsu Ebara (who contributed to politics, economy, and education), and material from the Numazu Municipal Academy.
- Numazu Imperial Villa Memorial Park: It was built in 1893, and was a favorite residence of Emperor Meiji, Emperor Taisho, and Emperor Showa. It has been a public memorial park since 1970.
- Onari Bridge: It was a first iron bridge in east shizuoka and opened to traffic in 1912. The bridge was used when the emperor and family visited Numazu. It was its 100th anniversary in 2012.
- The Site of Kokokuji Castle: It was founded by Seun Hojo, the founder of the Hojo clan. At present, there remains an earthen mound and it has been improved as a historic site of Japan.
- Hida Shipbuilding and Local Data Museum: This museum exhibits goods discovered in the Surugo Burial Mound and records of relations between the former Hida Village and Russia in the late Edo era.
- Jamatsu Green Way: The promenade where there once used to be a rail line between Numazu station and the mouth of Kanon River to carry goods. You can still see parts of the line at some places.
- The Site of Nagahama Castle: It was built by Hojo Suigun in the age of civil war to protect a base. Omosu harbor. It was designated as a historic site of Japan in 1988.
- Former Mitozaka Tunnel: The oldest tunnel in Izu peninsula and built in 1896. It was designated as an important cultural property. Its name appears in the novels ‘Shirakabe’ by Yosoi Inoue, and ‘Shō’ by Osamu Dazai.

Literature in Numazu

The great writers related to Numazu

Bokusui Wakayama

Bokusui is a tanka poet who was born in Myazu. He started his literary works when he was at Waseda University. He settled down in Numazu in 1930 and spent the last 8 years of his life there. He published a collection of poems, ‘Rensen’ and ‘Kumokuzen Chu’. Bokusui is known to have loved Senbon. One day, the Shiizuka Prefectural Government planned to cut down the Senbon pine trees. He contributed his opinion in the newspaper and fought against the government. With his help, the plan was abandoned. He loved Numazu, and throughout his life he created a number of poems about its scenery.

Kojirō Setawara

Born in Garyudo. He was a writer and a poet. His works such as ‘Tsuji no Natsu’, ‘Tsuji no Aki’, ‘Kanazawa no Tabi’, ‘The Setting Sun’, and ‘No Long Road’ are among his well-known works. His childhood home is designated as a Tangent of the Kimura Literary Memorial House.

A Fish Market at the foot of Eitai Bridge (Early Showa era)

The street (Sanzandori) in front of Numazu Sta.

Literature Monument

- Shionone Promenade: There is the promenade from Shigo beach to Senbon beach (0.6km). You will see literature monuments along the way.
  - Senbonhama Park: He lived traveling and wrote poems while he lived at this place. This monument contains some of his famous poems.
  - Bokusui Wakayama: He was born in Numazu in 1901. Despite getting Hansen’s disease, he kept working on his work.
  - Yosoi Inoue: He was born in Numazu in 1901. Despite getting Hansen’s disease, he kept working on his work.
  - Kojirō Setawara: He was born in Garyudo. This monument contains some of his famous poems.

Minatoguchi Park

Nagoro Monzen

Nagoro Monzen and visited every summer. There is a monument in the park to the old man of the monkey.

Kajigusawa

Kojirō Setawara: He was born in Garyudo. There is a monument of representing his poem.

Garyudo Beach

Kojirō Setawara: He was born in Garyudo. There is a monument of representing his poem.
The Great priest Hakuin Zenji

There are two greatest things in Suruga. Mt. Fuji and Hakuin from Hara.

Who's Zen Priest Hakuin?

Hakuin was born in December, 1686. He became a priest when he was 15 and named himself ‘Eakaku’. At 19, he began to travel. During his training, he suffered from sickness. He developed the Zen sickness and helped many trainee monks. In 1717, he became a head priest of Shoiji Temple. He held relationships with people and he taught Zen with simple words to make it easier to understand. His fame spread all over Japan and many people gathered at the temples for his teachings. He named himself ‘Hakuin’ at the age of 34 and he was called ‘The greatest priest in 500 years’. He consecrated his life to the people in his hometown, Hara. He loved drawing and his artworks are preserved in Shoiji Temple. He passed away at the age of 84 and was buried in Shoiji Temple. He is still loved and affectionately called ‘Hakuin-san’ by many people.

Episode of Hakuin

Eruption of Mt. Fuji

In 1707, Mt. Fuji erupted when Hakuin was a trainee. All monks were going to shelter from the eruption, however Hakuin stayed sitting in meditation at Shoiji Temple. He said, “I cannot be strong and not be afraid of water or fire without risking my life. If god abandons me, that means I am not valued to live.” While he stayed at the temple alone and kept praying, ash fell on Hara for 15 days. Though the temple was badly damaged, he did his best to rebuild it.

A baby and Hakuin

One day, a single woman got pregnant. Her father got really angry and asked her persistently to know about the baby’s father. The daughter said her father would forgive her if she answered. She answered, ‘Hakuin is the father.’ Once she gave birth to the baby, her father took the baby to Hakuin and blamed its birth on the innocent Hakuin. Hakuin took the baby and raised the child in his care. However, some of his pupils left him under disappointment. He brought up the child with love. After 3 years, the woman couldn’t stand watching watching Hakuin cares for her child with loving kindness and confessed her deception to her father. Her father was shocked and asked for Hakuin’s forgiveness. Hakuin merely said ‘I see’, and returned the child to the mother.

Historians are not sure whether this story is true or not, but it shows that Hakuin’s personality was open-minded (or at least perceived to be).

Hakuin Road

You can visit the temples related to Hakuin in Hara. Shoiji Temple is the temple headed by Hakuin, and is the location of his grave. Tennmangu Shrine of Sainenji Temple is where Hakuin used to worship when he was a child. Chokoji temple was used as an inn by his pupils. There are also the historical sites relating to ‘The tree of Podocarp’ and ‘Kompirando’ in Chokoji Temple. You can also visit his birthplace which is known as ‘A well of baby’s first bath’. There is Senbon beach where Hakuin used to practice Zen meditation while sitting to the south.

Related Temples

Shoiji Temple

A Rinzai sect temple which has 700 years history. Hakuin filled the post of head priest at this temple. His drawings and his grave (which is designated as a historic site by the Shizuoka Prefecture) are in the temple grounds.

A Mortar of a Pine Tree

Ikeida, a lord of Okayama Castle, often visited Shoiji Temple for Hakuin’s teachings. One day, a boy priest broke a mortar and Hakuin said to him ‘Everyone makes mistakes’. The lord was impressed by his words and gave him about 5 mortars as an acknowledgment of appreciation. Hakuin was so pleased with the gift, he put a mortar on a pine tree that was damaged during a big storm. The pine tree survived with the mortar and didn’t die.

Seibonji Temple

A Rinzai Sect Temple it’s called ‘Hara no Ojiro san’ by the people. You can see a hengaku written by Hakuin at the front of the temple. You can see Hakuin’s drawing of Igooku Gokuraku Honjo Za (a picture of Buddhists’ paradise and hell which is only exhibited to the public once a year in July.

Chokoji Temple

A Rinzai Sect Temple and was established about 540 years ago. In the Edo era, the temple was used for lodging trainee monks. There is a road called ‘Hakuin Road’ between Chokoji Temple and Shoiji Temple.

Sainenji Temple

A Jishu Sect Temple. The main hall was burned down by a fire in 1893. The present main hall was established in 1926. When Hakuin was a child, he visited and worshipped everyday to be free from distress.
Specialties of Numazu

SEAFood

Dried Fish

Dried Fish have been produced in Numazu from the end of Edo period to early Meiji era. It became a recognised product early in the Taisho era. It is now regarded as a Numazu specialty. Numazu accounts for 40% of all dried fish produced in Japan. ‘Numazu dried fish’ is now well known as a famous brand.

YABUKITA TEA

Japanese tea, ‘Yabukita tea’ has been growing since 1890 by Soroku Ebara. Yabukita tea is an especially high quality tea and Shizuoka is known as the best tea farming area in Japan. Yabukita Tea has been honored by it being offered to the Imperial family.

ASHITAKA BEEF

“Ashitaka beef” is produced in the extended land at the foot of Mt. Ashitaka. The spring water of Mt. Fuji and the excellent environment make the beef tender and rich.

NISHIURA MIKAN

Mandarin orange have been produced on the west coast of the Izu peninsula. The mild climate makes them sweet. The mandarin orange called ‘Ashikuma’ and ‘Jutaro Mikans’ are produced in the area. Especially, the Jutaro Mikans is the ‘Numazu Brand’, and well known as its sweetness and rich taste. You can enjoy mandarin orange picking in autumn at the farms. You can get mandarin jam and mandarin wine made from Jutaro Mikans.

TAKAASHIGANI

The biggest crab in the world, the giant crab called ‘Takaashigani’ lives in Suruga Bay. These spider crabs are caught by trawling near Heda. People in Heda have long eaten the deep-sea fish and the spider crabs. The spider crabs are popular due to their light taste.

DEEP-SEA FISH and HEDATORO-HANPEN

Heda’s specialty, deep-sea fish, are white fish and have good quality flesh. People in Heda have been making fish cakes with them and they are familiar with local as a home cooked dish. There are many kinds of Hanpen with vegetables, and they are becoming very popular, along with the more traditional ‘Heda-Toro-Hanpen’.

HEDA SALT

Heda salt is made with saltwater drawn off-shore in Suruga bay and made by using traditional methods. Water is boiled with firewood for 13 hours and the salt matured for a few days. It is popular with its mellow taste and is full of minerals.
**Gourmet at Numazu Port**

The deepest bay in Japan, Suruga Bay provides a rich array of seafood. Enjoy Numazu's specialties such as, dried horse mackerel, sashimi, sushi and more!

**Numazu Port Observation Water Gate 'View-O'

One of the largest water gates in Japan built as a Tsunami protection measure. The observatory is 30m above the ground. You'll be able to enjoy a panoramic views of Mt. Fuji, Suruga Bay and the Senbon Pine grove.

The gate is lit up at night and open till 9pm.

TEL : 055-964-1300
Opening Hours : 10:00 – 21:00
Close : Tuesday (Except holidays)
Admission Fee : Adult : 100yen
Children : 15yen

**Numazu Fish Market INO

A building complex containing the new fish market, restaurants and observatory.

Various types of seafood land and are sorted in Numazu using the latest techniques in hygiene management. On the second floor, there are the restaurants and an observatory deck on which you can see Mt. Fuji and the View-O. There is also a passage for visitors allowing you to observe the morning auctions.

TEL : 055-962-3700
Opening Hours/Passage for Visitors : 5:00 – 16:00
Observatory Deck, Restaurants : 9:00 – 21:30

**Numazu Minato Shinsenkan

This is a market hall where you can enjoy fresh seafood in many restaurants and try local specialties. You can enjoy views of Numazu Port from the wooden deck.

Close : 2nd and 4th Tuesday (except holidays)
Business Hours : 10:00 – 16:00
(It may be changed depending on the shop)
Please check the website : http://www.nu-monsenkan.com

**Minato 83 Banchi

This is the newest spot, opening in the fall of 2011. You can enjoy local fresh seafood at the restaurants.

**Numazu Deep Sea Aquarium

This is the first aquarium that features the deep sea creatures in Japan. There are fish from Suruga Bay and rare creatures from other locations. It also exhibits the specimen of the "coolant", which is very rare to see. You'll see into their mysterious lives and observe their evolution.

TEL : 055-964-0606
Opening Hours : 9:00 – 18:00
Closed : Everyday opening days may be changed without notice

**Numazu Port Gourmet Street

This is the most lively place around Numazu Port. There are the restaurants you can enjoy fresh sea food. You can also get specialties of Numazu such as dried fish.

**Seasonal fish from Suruga Bay

- **Spring**
  - Chicken Grunt
  - Whitebait

- **Summer**
  - Sardine
  - Horse mackerel

- **Autumn**
  - Red bream
  - Mackeral

- **Winter**
  - Red sea bream

**Numazu’s Dried Horse Mackerel Himono

History of producing dried fish in Numazu
Dried horse mackerel has been produced since Taisho era in Numazu, with its vast supply of fish from Suruga Bay. Its lower humidity, its less rain and strong westerly winds, make it the perfect place to make dried fish.

People in Numazu have been making efforts to keep the area as the best producer of dried horse mackerel in Japan and it continues to be loved by many people.

**3 points to choose delicious Himono

1. Check the eyes! Make sure they are clear and smooth.
2. If you see white-colored part on the center and on the center of the right and left side, it has plenty of fat - this makes it tastier.
3. Choose rounded shaped one.

**Deep-sea Fish from Suruga Bay

- **Scorpionfishes**
- **Blackthroat seabream**
- **Blackthroat seabream**
- **Greeneye**

**Numazu Onion

People in Numazu also enjoy eating onion. They are very sensitive about the timing of the onion season, they are harvesting as few as one onion a head. It is a popular dish in making it in restaurants in this area.
**Heda, Ito**

**Impressive natural scenery**

01 Kirameki Hill
Kirameki Hill is an excellent location where you can overlook Mt Fuji. Myojin-ike pond and the Ito area beyond Suruga Bay. The hill was named ‘Kirameki’, which means ‘glitter’, because the sun glitters on the sea’s surface. You can get to the Sunuo Burial Mound by following the nearby stairs.

02 Sunuo Burial Mound
It is presumed that the mound was established in the late 7th century. A number of accessories including a harness and stone coffin have been excavated. Four bronze bracelets were excavated in the No.18 tumulus. These items are exhibited in the Heda Shipbuilding and Local Data Museum. You can see the No.18 tumulus as it was excavated.

03 Myojin-ike Pond
This is a freshwater pond, despite being by the sea. The grass, called ‘Yachimba’, grows thick in the area making it a great location for viewing the cherry blossoms and azaleas in spring.

04 Cape Deai
View Mt. Fuji while looking through the ring at the monument.

05 Yubae Hill
Enjoy a beautiful sunset and view of Heda Fishing Port and Cape Mihama.

06 Heda Ichi no Yu Onsen
A public hot spring bath with water known to aid those with neuralgic pains and skin diseases. There is a hot spring station where anyone can buy the hot spring water and enjoy it home.

07 Heda Minato Morning Market
This market is held in every Sunday morning at Heda port. A variety of food are gathered from the mountains and the sea and can be purchased. You can also buy Heda salt products which are a local specialty of Heda.

08 Heda Ichinoshima
Cape Ichinoshima is a scenic area full of trees and the seasonal flowers. The red symbolic entrance of Monolithic Shrine looks especially attractive when surrounded by the green of trees and Mt Fuji covered with snow. There is a park and beach which is frequented by many swimmers in summer.

09 Kenko no Mori
There is a walking path and observation deck overlooking Cape Ichinoshima.

10 Midori Hill
Located between Heda and To, it is a great place to observe the town of Toa.

11 Heda Ichinoshima
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12 Heda Minato Morning Market
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13 Goze View Point
You can see all of Heda from this point. There is a statue of the Goddess of Mercy praying for Goze’s soul (who was a blind travelling performer) who passed away at Heda pass.

14 Yumetobira Funayama
This is a group training facility suitable for both adult and youth groups. It has grounds equipped with night game facilities and a multi-purpose auditorium.

15 Rice paddies of Kitayama
These rice paddies were selected as one of the top 100 paddies of Japan. These are still used for rice farming, a situation which is becoming rarer nowadays. A ‘Harvest Festival’ and ‘Scarecrow Contest’ are held in Autumn. It has set up a special ownership system to allow you to experience farming.

16 Yoshino Waterfall
The Hedaokawa River and its tributary flow through mountains of Heda and here is a picturesque waterfall. Though it is small, it is beautiful to see the water flow though the rocks.

17 Heda Hakama Waterfall Auto Camping Site
This water fall is called ‘Hakama’, a name which came from its shape (like a skirt). There is a park and a campsite full of nature. The 14 sites are equipped with a wooden deck, water service and an electricity source.

18 Mt. Kinkan
It is 816m above sea level and located between Numa-O and Izu city. A trail has been built to the top and good for hikers with its gentle ridge. You can enjoy the spectacular panorama views taking in Uchiura Bay, Heda, the mountains of Western Izu, Suruga Bay and Mt Fuji. Cherry blossoms called ‘Manakasakura’ bloom in spring and feast hikers’ eyes with their vibrant color.

19 Heda Hakama Waterfall Auto Camping Site
This water fall is called ‘Hakama’, a name which came from its shape (like a skirt). There is a park and a campsite full of nature. The 14 sites are equipped with a wooden deck, water service and an electricity source.

**Area Map**

**Great View**

**View points in Heda**

- Cape Deai
- Yubae Hill
- Kenko no Mori
- Midori Hill
- Goze View Point

**Historical Relations with Russia**

- Admiral Puchkarev
- Hosenji Temple
- Ship Building Monument

You can see the historical relation between Heda and Russia. The Russian warship named ‘Diane’ came to Japan for trade, but it was hit by tsunami in Shimoda and went aground near Tagonoura. The crew stayed in Heda and cooperated with local carpenters to build a western type ship. The ship was named ‘Heda’ by the Russian Admiral (Admiral Puchkarev) to express his gratitude to people of Heda. After that, the Admiral and crew returned to Russia. After the Admiral’s death, his daughter visited Heda to show gratitude. Today this is a ship building monument and a grave dedicated to the Russian sailors who died in Hosenji temple.
Neopasa Surugawan Numazu SA

It was opened in April 2012 when the Shin-Tomei Expressway opened to traffic. There are many kinds of restaurants at the food court, and is also equipped with a shower room and a dog run. This is only place on the expressway that you can enjoy the beautiful views of Suruga Bay. You can access it from the general road, too.

02 Golf Course

Just north of Numazu is an area rich in nature. There are several golf courses here, including Numazu Golf Club, Numazu Kokusai Country Club, Shin Numazu Country Club, Ashitaka Six Hundred Club. The golf courses sit at the foot of Mt. Ashitaka, and are blessed with a great view of Suruga Bay and a view of Numazu. They are all easy access from the Tomei Expressway.

07 Ebara Soroku Memorial Park

Soroku was born in 1842 in Edosumiyoshi today at Tokyo), and moved to Numazu in 1868. Soroku did his best to establish schools such as the Numazu Military Academy, and contributed greatly to the field of education. He also took an active part in politics. He had filled the post of a headman of Sonto district and was a member of the Diet. He was also a Christian and established Numazu church. He was buried in the Numazu Christian Public Cemetery.

08 Numazu Meiji Historical Museum

This museum introduces the modernization of Numazu. It exhibits the historical record of Soroku Ebara who contributed to politics, economy, and Education in Numazu. The museum also showcases artifacts from the Numazu Military Academy, which was a school of the feudal domain.

09 Gourmet Way

‘Gourmet Street’ is, as its name says, a street which offers a variety of restaurants, souvenir shops, and spas. It can be accessed just off the Expressway at the Numazu IC.

10 Kadoike Park

Kadoike Park has the only lake and marsh in Numazu. It has a long history, and has been used for the agricultural water since the Edo era. There is a park and a promenade beside the pond. Many people enjoy walking and fishing at this park. The cherry blossoms here are a famous attraction and many people come to see them in the springtime.

11 Ayutsubo Waterfall

This waterfall is located at the lower reaches of Kissu River. It is on the border between Numazu and Nagisa Town. The water flows from the cliff of the lava rocks of Mt. Fuji. The view of the falls from Ayutsubo no Kakehashi, the hanging bridge in the down stream, is even more beautiful. The waterfall was designated as a natural monument of Shizuoka prefecture in 1996.
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